

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1, 6, and 8, as follows:

1 1 (four times amended). A memory system, comprising:
2 a plurality of defect-adaptive memory devices, each of said plurality of defect-
3 adaptive memory devices having a first region for sequentially storing
4 parity information for data recovery and a second region for storing data;
5 a plurality of caches, each of said plurality of caches respectively coupled
6 operatively to a corresponding unique one of said plurality of defect-
7 adaptive memory devices, each of said plurality of caches adapted for
8 storing parity information for data recovery for a corresponding unique
9 one of said plurality of defect-adaptive memory devices; and
10 a controller operatively coupled to each defect-adaptive memory device of said
11 plurality of defect-adaptive memory devices and to each corresponding
12 cache of said plurality of caches, said controller comprising a first means
13 for selectively controlling writing and reading of parity information
14 needed for data recovery in said first region of each corresponding one
15 of said plurality of defect-adaptive memory devices, a second means for
16 selectively obtaining parity information needed for data recovery from
17 said first region of each corresponding one of said plurality of defect-
18 adaptive memory devices, and a third means for selectively storing parity
19 information needed for data recovery obtained from said first region of

20 a corresponding one of said plurality of defect-adaptive memory devices
21 in a predetermined corresponding one of said plurality of caches.

1 6 (four times amended). A redundant array of inexpensive disks (RAID)
2 system, comprising:

3 a plurality of disk drives, each of said plurality of disk drives including a first
4 region having a plurality of data blocks for storing data and a second
5 region having a predetermined number of parity blocks for storing parity
6 information for data recovery;

7 a plurality of caches, each of said plurality of caches respectively coupled
8 operatively to a corresponding unique one of said plurality of disk drives,
9 each of said caches adapted for storing parity information for data
10 recovery; and

11 a controller operatively coupled to each disk drive of said plurality of disk
12 drives and to each corresponding cache of said plurality of caches, said
13 controller adapted for selectively controlling a write operation of data
14 and parity information for a data recovery in each corresponding disk
15 drive of said plurality of disk drives, said controller comprising:

16 a first means for selecting a single predetermined disk drive of
17 said plurality of disk drives upon receipt of a data writing
18 instruction from a host computer;

19 a second means for reading old data from the single

20 predetermined disk drive of said plurality of disk drives;
21 a third means for determining whether old parity information
22 corresponding to the old data corresponding to the single
23 predetermined disk drive of said plurality of disk drives is
24 accessed in a corresponding single cache of said plurality of
25 caches;
26 a fourth means for reading the old parity information from the
27 single predetermined disk drive of said plurality of disk
28 drives, upon the old parity information corresponding to the
29 single predetermined disk drive of said plurality of disk
30 drives not being accessed in the corresponding single cache
31 of said plurality of caches, and for then loading the
32 corresponding single cache of said plurality of caches with
33 the old parity information;
34 a fifth means for obtaining new parity information by performing
35 an exclusive OR operation on the old data, the old parity
36 information and new data;
37 a sixth means for loading the corresponding single cache of said
38 plurality of caches with the new parity information;
39 a seventh means for writing the new data in said region for storing
40 data in the single predetermined disk drive of said plurality
41 of disk drives and writing the new parity information in said

42 another region for storing parity information in the
43 predetermined single disk drive of said plurality of disk
44 drives; and

45 an eighth means for reading old parity information from the single
46 predetermined disk drive after the seventh means has
47 written new data in said region for storing data and has
48 written the new parity information in said another region for
49 storing parity information, in the event that no old parity
50 information exists in a corresponding cache, and for then
51 moving said old parity information read from the single
52 predetermined disk drive to the corresponding cache to
53 provide an update of the parity information.

1 8 (amended). The method of claim 7, wherein said step for reducing overhead
2 during a read operation for data recovery and thereby improving data input-output
3 performance comprises steps for:

4 (a) coupling each one of a plurality of caches to each corresponding unique one
5 of a plurality of disks, whereby each disk is coupled to one unique cache;
6 (b) operatively coupling the caches to the controller;
7 (c) storing in each unique one of the plurality of caches information for data
8 recovery in the unique one disk corresponding to the unique one cache; and
9 (d) determining information for data recovery in a disk by using information for

10 data recovery stored in the unique one cache corresponding to the unique one disk.